

What Is Personal Certification — and Why It Matters in Supported Employment Services

A Plain Language Guide to Understanding Certification, Accreditation, and Support Standards for Workers Supporting Individuals with IDD

What Is Personal Certification?

Personal certification (also called **certification of a worker's competencies**) is one of the main ways to prove that a worker has the right **knowledge**, **skills**, **and experience** to do their job well.

It means that an **independent certification body** has checked and confirmed that the worker is competent to perform a specific role — for example, a **Direct Support Worker (DSW)** helping someone with **intellectual and developmental disabilities (IDD)** find and keep a job.

A Definition:

Certification of a worker's competencies means a demonstration by an independent party that a worker has sufficient knowledge, skills, and experience (competence) to perform work in compliance with specified requirements.

This is a **form of conformity assessment** - a structured way to check and confirm that people and organizations meet standards.

What About Accreditation?

Before a certification body is allowed to certify individuals, it must prove its own competence. This is called **accreditation**.

Accreditation ensures that the certification body uses **fair**, **transparent**, **and professional procedures** and follows **international standards**.

✓ In the U.S., these are the main accreditation bodies for personal certification:

- Institute for Credentialing Excellence (ICE) through the National Commission for Certifying Agencies (NCCA)
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) accredits to ISO/IEC 17024, the international standard for personal certification

✤ How Do I Know if Certification Is Required?

Many workers in the support services field — including DSWs, counselors, or those supporting employment goals — may perform work aligned with occupations listed in the **Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) 2018** system.

To check whether **certification is required** for a specific occupation in one or more U.S. states, you can consult the **U.S. Department of Labor's Occupational Outlook Handbook (OOH)**:

Attps://www.bls.gov/ooh

This applies in three key ways:

- 1. To the **occupation of the support worker** (e.g., Rehabilitation Counselor, Social Worker, or Job Coach).
- 2. To the **occupation a person with IDD wants to enter**, which may require certification or licensing (e.g., Certified Nursing Assistant, Security Guard).
- To help assess the quality of the service or training a person with IDD receives — if the work involves certified roles, the worker supporting them may need to understand those standards.

This helps ensure that both the **service provider** and the **person being supported** understand what's expected and what's required under national and state systems.

How Do These Fit Together in SEMP?

In the **Supported Employment (SEMP)** service field, many people are unfamiliar with how **accreditation** and **certification** work — and why these are essential for service quality. Here's how they connect:

Element	What It Checks	Who Is Involved
Accreditation	Is the certification body competent and fair?	ICE, ANSI, others
Certification	Is the worker competent?	Certified body certifies a DSW or other role Example: CRCC certifies CRCs
Support Standards	What should workers know and follow?	AMSI and other consensus- based standards

Together, these processes support better **quality in services for individuals with IDD** — especially in **job coaching, career planning**, and **employment support**.

Why This Matters

In the SEMP service system:

- Certification proves that workers are competent not just trained, but evaluated.
- Accreditation ensures that certification programs are trustworthy and meet global standards.
- Support standards define what competent work looks like, especially in the complex and person-centered world of employment services for people with IDD.

Certification programs that follow ISO/IEC 17024 help the field grow professionally, increase public trust, and ensure fair opportunities for the individuals supported and the workers themselves.

🢬 Final Note

This guide is a starting point for understanding how **personal certification**, **accreditation**, **and support standards** work together to build **inclusive**, **high-quality employment services**. A system built on these tools is better equipped to meet the needs of individuals with IDD — and to **recognize and reward** the professionals who support them.